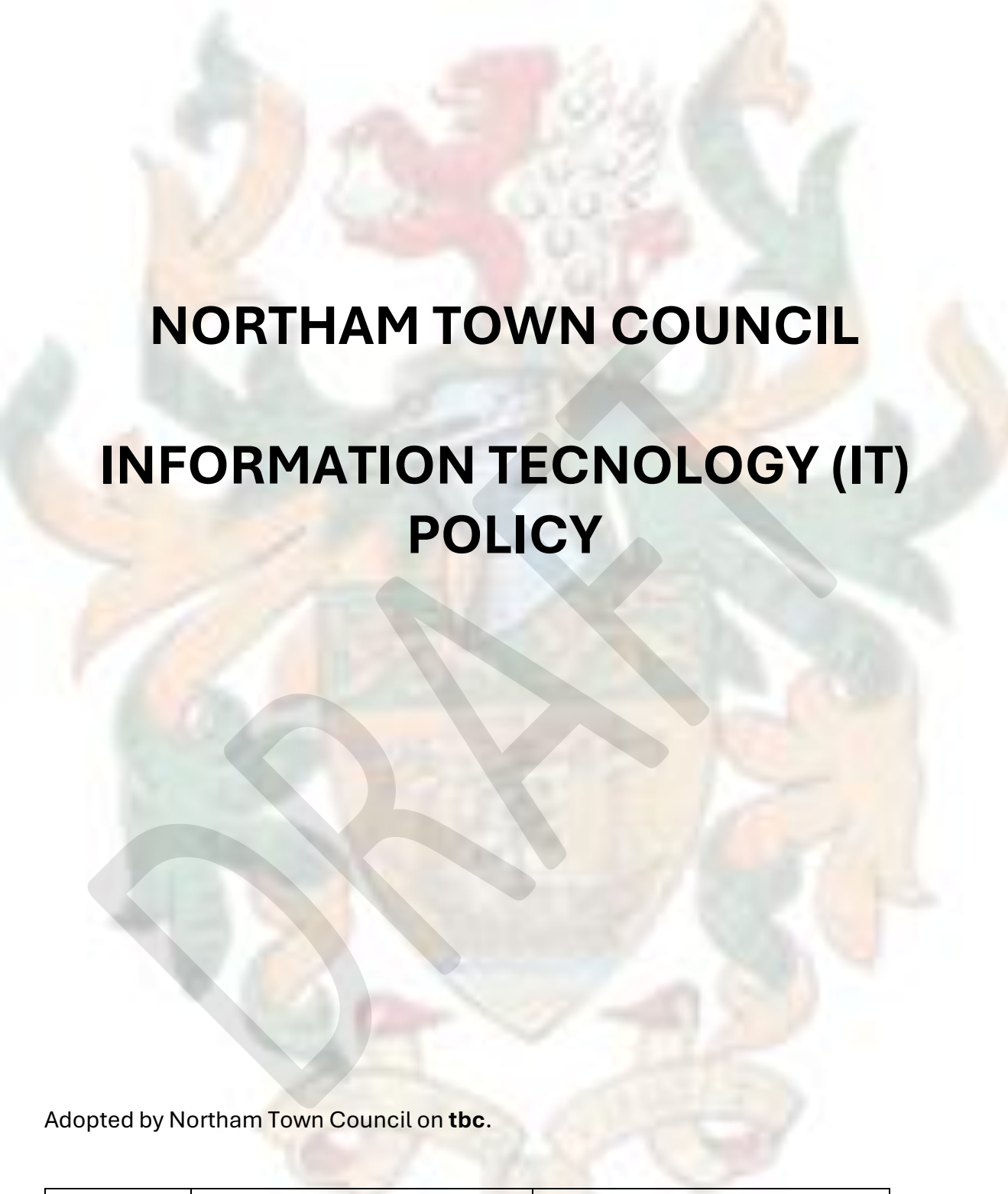




NORTHAM TOWN COUNCIL

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT)

POLICY

DRAFT

Adopted by Northam Town Council on **tbc**.

	Name	Signature
Mayor	Cllr	
Town Clerk	Guy Langton	

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V0.1	16 th September 2026	First draft, reviewed by committee for presentation to Full Council.	Town Clerk

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Each council will have its own IT setup and, as such, a single ‘one-size-fits-all’ IT policy is unlikely to be appropriate. Some smaller parish councils may operate with minimal equipment, while others may manage multiple devices connected to a central server. These guidelines are intended to help councils identify key considerations when developing or updating their own IT policy.

1.2 As a council that uses external IT providers, Northam Town Council should ensure its policies accurately reflect current practices and contractual arrangements.

Purpose of the IT Policy

1.3 Cameras are to be sited so they only capture images relevant to the purposes for which they are installed, and care is taken to ensure that reasonable privacy expectations are not violated. The purpose of an IT policy is to establish clear parameters for how councillors, staff, and other authorised users use council-provided technology or equipment in the course of their duties. A well-defined policy helps to:

- Set expectations for appropriate use of equipment and systems;
- Raise awareness of risks associated with IT use;
- Safeguard the council’s data and digital assets;
- Clarify what constitutes acceptable and unacceptable use;
- Outline the consequences of policy breaches.

1.4 Councils will also need to determine and clearly state whether limited personal use of IT equipment is permitted (for example, checking personal email or online shopping during lunch breaks).

2. MONITORING OF IT USE

2.1 As an IT provider, the council has the right to monitor the use of its IT equipment and systems, provided there is a legitimate reason for doing so and councillors, employees and other authorised users are informed that such monitoring may take place. Any monitoring must be proportionate and comply with relevant data protection and privacy laws. Other persons may be included if they access or use council systems e.g. if they have a council e-mail address.

3. SCOPE OF THIS POLICY

3.1 This policy applies to all councillors, staff, and other authorised users, regardless of their working location or pattern, including those who are home-based, office-based, or work on a flexible or part-time basis. It sets out the expectations for the appropriate use of IT equipment and systems provided by the council.

4. COMPUTER USE

4.1 In its administration of its CCTV system, the Council complies with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018 and in accordance with the Council's Data Protection Policy.

Hardware

4.2.1 Council computer equipment is provided for council purposes, however reasonable personal use is permitted (reasonable interpreted as in the opinion of the Town Clerk. Any personal use of council computers and systems should not interrupt your daily council work in any way. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users are asked to restrict any personal use to official lunch breaks or before or after working hours.

4.2.2 All councillors, staff, and other authorised users must lock their computers when leaving their desks to prevent unauthorised access. This applies to all council and personal devices used for work. Failure to comply may lead to disciplinary action.

4.2.3 All computer and other electronic equipment supplied should be treated with good care at all times. This equipment is expensive, and any damage sustained to any equipment will have a financial impact on the council.

4.2.4 Computer and electronic hardware should be kept clean, and every precaution taken to prevent food and drink being dropped or spilled onto it.

4.2.5 All computer and mobile equipment will carry a number which is logged against the current owner of that equipment. A database of equipment issued will be kept.

4.2.6 Equipment should not be dismantled or tampered with in any way.

4.2.7 Councillors, staff, and other authorised are not to purchase any computer or mobile equipment (including software and 'Apps') unless previously authorised.

4.2.8 Personal disks, USB stick, CDs, DVDs, data storage devices etc. cannot be used on council computers without the prior approval of the Town Clerk.

4.2.9 The council has a number of wireless networks. Using a portable device to make personal Wi-Fi hot spots which bypass existing WiFi is not allowed.

4.2.10 Any faults or necessary repairs must be reported to the Town Clerk.

5. EQUIPMENT

Portable equipment

5.1 Portable equipment includes laptop computers, netbooks, tablets, mobile and smart phones with or without email capability and access to the internet etc.

5.2 It is particularly emphasised that council back-up procedures specific to portable equipment should always be followed.

5.3 All portable computers must be stored safely and securely when not in use in the office, i.e. when travelling or when working from home. Portable equipment (unless locked in a secure cabinet or office) should always be kept with or near the user, should not be left unattended when away from council premises and should never be left in parked vehicles or at any council or non-council premises (other than the Council Offices or your main place of work).

5.4 It is important to ensure all portable devices are protected with encryption in case they are lost or stolen. All smartphones or tablets that hold council data, including emails and files, must be protected with a pin code. Any security set on these devices must not be disabled or removed.

5.5 Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) is a security process that requires users to verify their identity using two or more independent methods—for example, entering a password (something you know) and confirming a code sent to your mobile device. This significantly reduces the risk of unauthorised access to systems and sensitive data. MFA is to be used wherever possible to enhance information security and support compliance with data protection obligations under the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

5.6 If an item of portable equipment is lost or damaged this should be reported to the Town Clerk (or IT provider if unavailable). If the loss or damage is due to an act of negligence, the individual responsible may be liable to meet the whole or part of the cost of the loss/damage and its future effects.

5.7 To protect confidential information, unless it is a requirement of the job and this has been authorised, it is forbidden for photographs or videos to be taken on council premises, without the prior written permission of the council. This includes mobile telephones with camera function, camcorder, tape or other recording device for sound or pictures - moving or still.

5.8 Under no circumstances should any non-public meeting or conversation be recorded without the permission of those present. This does not affect statutory rights (under The Openness of Local Government Regulations 2014).

5.9 In addition, the council does not permit webcams (which may be pre-installed on many laptops) to be used in the workplace, other than for conference calls for council

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purposes. If there is any doubt as to whether a device falls under this clause, advice should be sought from the Town Clerk.

Use of a person's own devices

5.10 Personal laptops and other computers or other devices should not be brought into work and used to access council IT systems during working hours, unless this has been authorised by the employee's line manager. This is to ensure that no viruses enter the system, to prevent time being wasted during working hours on personal use and to assist in maintaining security, confidentiality, and data protection.

5.11 The Council recognises that some councillors, staff, and other authorised users may wish to use their own smartphones, tablets, laptops etc to access our servers, private clouds or networks for normal council purposes, including, but not limited to, reading their emails, accessing documents stored on the council's network, to store data or access data in other services. Any such use of personal devices will be at the discretion of the council, but consent for standard systems (MS Windows, Mac OS X, Linux - in commercial configurations) will normally be permitted. Such devices should be kept up to date so that any vulnerabilities in the operating system or other software on the device are appropriately patched or updated.

5.12 However, the same security precautions apply to personal devices as to the council's desktop equipment. For continuity purposes, calls made to external parties must be made on council landlines or mobile phone numbers to ensure that only these numbers are used and/or stored by the recipient, rather than personal numbers. Any emails sent from own devices should be sent from a council email account and should not identify the individual's personal email address.

5.13 Councillors, staff, and other authorised persons that use council systems are expected to use all devices in an ethical and respectful manner and in accordance with this policy. Accessing inappropriate websites or services on any device via the IT infrastructure that is paid for or provided by the council carries a high degree of risk, and, for employees, may result in disciplinary action, including summary dismissal (without notice). For Workers or Contractors, the council may terminate the worker agreement. This is irrespective of the ownership of the device used. An example would be downloading copyright music illegally or accessing pornographic material.

5.14 In cases of legal proceedings against the council or external stakeholders, the council may need to temporarily take possession of a device, whether council-owned or personal to retrieve the relevant data.

5.15 Wherever possible the user should maintain a clear separation between the personal data processed on the council's behalf and that processed for their own personal use, for example, by using different apps or email providers for council and personal use. If the device supports both council and personal profiles, the council profile must always be used for work-related purposes.

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5.16 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users who intend to use their own devices via the council's infrastructure must ensure that they:

- i. use a 6-digit pin, strong password, fingerprint or facial recognition to protect their device(s) from being accessed. For smartphones and tablets this should lock the device after three failed login attempts;
- ii. configure their device(s) to automatically prompt for a password after a period of inactivity of more than 5 minutes;
- iii. always password protect any documents containing confidential information that are sent as attachments to an email, and notify the password separately (preferably by a means other than email);
- iv. for smartphones and tablets, activate the automatic device wipe function (where available). Note that use of the remote wipe function may also involve the removal of the individual's personal data. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users are therefore advised to keep personal data separate from council data where possible;
- v. ensure secure WiFi networks are used;
- vi. ensure that work-related data cannot be viewed or retrieved by family or friends who may use the device;
- vii. inform the Town Clerk if their device(s) is/are lost, stolen, or inappropriately accessed where there is risk of access to council data or resources. To prevent phones being used, they will need to retain the details of their IMEI number and the SIM number of the device as their provider will require this to deactivate it.

5.17 Any work done on user's own equipment should be stored securely and password protected and should always be backed up in accordance with the council's standard backup procedures.

5.18 Prior to the disposal of any device that has work data stored on it, and in the event of a user leaving the council, councillors, staff, and other authorised users are required to allow the council's IT provider access to the device to ensure that all passwords, user access shortcuts and any identifiable data are removed from the device.

5.19 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users must take responsibility for understanding how their device(s) work in respect to the above rules if they are accessing council servers/services via their own IT equipment. Risks to the user's personal device(s) include data loss as a result of a crash of the operating system, bugs and viruses, software or hardware failures and programming errors rendering a device inoperable. The council will use reasonable endeavours to assist, but councillors, staff, and other authorised users are personally liable for their own device(s) and for any costs incurred as a result of the above.

6. HEALTH AND SAFETY

6.1 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users who work in council offices will be provided with an appropriate workstation.

6.2 The council has a duty to ensure that regular appropriate eye tests, carried out by a competent person, are offered to employees using display screen equipment and corrective glasses provided by the council. Further details are set out in the council's health and safety policy.

6.3 Any VDU user who feels that their workstation requires changes to make it compliant must speak to the Town Clerk.

6.4 If any hazards are detected at a workstation, including 'noises' from the IT equipment, this should be reported immediately to the Town Clerk.

7. PASSWORD AND AUTHENTICATION POLICY

7.1 All user accounts must be protected by strong, secure passwords. The council follows the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) recommendations¹ for creating passwords.

7.2 In addition to strong passwords, Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) should be enabled wherever possible. MFA requires users to provide two or more independent forms of verification—for example, a password (something you know) and a code sent to your phone (something you have). This significantly reduces the risk of unauthorised access to systems and personal data.

7.3 To further strengthen account security:

- i. Initial user account passwords must be generated by the IT provider.
- ii. Default passwords provided by vendors or the IT provider must be changed immediately upon installation or setup.
- iii. Service or System (e.g. Website) account passwords are generated and managed by the IT provider.

¹ [NCSC Top Tips for Staying Secure Online](#)

Combine three random words to create a password that's 'long enough and strong enough'.

Weak passwords can be cracked in seconds. The longer and more unusual your password is, the harder it is for a cyber-criminal to crack.

A good way to make your password difficult to crack is by combining three random words to create a password (for example *applenemobiro*). Or you could use a password manager, which can create strong passwords for you (and remember them).

Avoid the most common passwords that criminals can easily guess (like '**password**'). You should also avoid creating passwords from significant dates (like your birthday, or a loved one's), or from your favourite sports team, or by using family and pet names. Most of these details can be found within your social media profile.

If you're thinking of changing certain characters in your password (so swapping the letter 'o' with a zero, for example), you should know that cyber criminals know these tricks as well. So your password *won't* be significantly stronger, but it *will* be harder for you to remember.

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- iv. The council recommends these practices as part of its commitment to robust information security and to support compliance with the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

For more guidance, see the NCSC's advice on password security: [NCSC Password Guidance](#)

Access to Passwords

7.4 Passwords are personal and must not be shared under any circumstances. Only the assigned user of an account may access or use the associated password. In exceptional cases (e.g., incident response or employee offboarding), access to system credentials may be granted to authorised personnel from the IT provider with appropriate approvals and logging.

7.5 Administrative credentials must be stored securely and only accessible to authorised personnel with a copy held in the council's safe in a sealed envelope, only to be accessed in an emergency.

Password Storage and Management

7.6 Passwords must not be stored in plain text or written down in insecure locations.

Password Change Requirements

7.7 Immediately change password if compromise is suspected.

Password Access Control and Logging

7.8 All access to administrative or shared credentials must be logged and auditable.

7.9 Attempts to access unauthorized passwords will be treated as a security incident.

Responsibility

7.10 Users are responsible for creating and maintaining secure passwords for their accounts.

The council's IT provider is responsible for:

- i. Managing system/service credentials.
- ii. Enforcing password policies. Auditing and monitoring password-related security practices.

8. MONITORING

8.1 The council reserves the right to monitor and maintain logs of computer usage and inspect any files stored on its network, servers, computers, or associated technology to ensure compliance with this policy as well as relevant legislation. Internet, email, and computer usage is continually monitored as part of the council's protection against computer viruses, ongoing maintenance of the system, and when investigating faults.

8.2 The council will monitor the use of electronic communications and use of the internet in line with the Investigatory Powers (Interception by Councils etc for Monitoring and Record-keeping Purposes) Regulations 2018.

8.3 Monitoring of an employee's email and/or internet use will be conducted in accordance with an impact assessment that the council has carried out to ensure that monitoring is necessary and proportionate. Monitoring is in the council's legitimate interests and is to ensure that this policy is being complied with.

8.4 The information obtained through monitoring may be shared internally, including with relevant councillors and staff if access to the data is necessary for performance of their roles. The information may also be shared with external HR or legal advisers for the purposes of seeking professional advice. Any external advisers will have appropriate data protection policies and protocols in place.

8.5 The information gathered through monitoring will be retained only long enough for any breach of this policy to come to light and for any investigation to be conducted.

8.6 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users have a number of rights in relation to their data, including the right to make a subject access request and the right to have data rectified or erased in some circumstances. You can find further details of these rights and how to exercise them in the council's data protection policy.

8.7 Such monitoring and the retrieval of the content of any messages may be for the purposes of checking whether the use of the system is legitimate, to find lost messages or to retrieve messages lost due to computer failure, to assist in the investigation of wrongful acts, or to comply with any legal obligation.

8.8 The council reserves the right to inspect all files stored on its computer systems to assure compliance with this policy. The council also reserves the right to monitor the types of sites being accessed and the extent and frequency of use of the internet at any time, both inside and outside of working hours to ensure that the system is not being abused and to protect the council from potential damage or disrepute.

8.9 Any use that the council considers to be 'improper', either in terms of the content or the amount of time spent on this, may result in disciplinary proceedings.

8.10 All computers are periodically checked and scanned for unauthorised programmes and viruses.

9. REMOTE WORKING

9.1 Increased IT security measures apply to those who work away from their normal place of work (e.g. whilst travelling, working from home or at an external stakeholder's premises or any other different venue), as follows:

- i. if logging into the council's systems or services remotely, using computers that either do not belong to the council or are not owned by the user, any passwords must not be saved, and the user must log out at the end of the session deleting all logs and history records within the browser used. If the configuration of the device does not clearly support these actions (for example at an internet café), council services should not be accessed from that device;
- ii. the location and direction of the screen should be checked to ensure confidential information is out of view. Steps should be taken to avoid messages being read by other people, including other travellers on public transport etc;
- iii. any data printed should be collected and stored securely;
- iv. all electronic files should be password protected and the data saved to the council's system/services when accessible;
- v. papers, files or computer equipment must not be left unattended at non-council premises unless arrangements have been made with a responsible person at those premises for them to be kept in a locked room or cabinet if they are to be left unattended at any time;
- vi. any data should be kept safely and should only be disposed of securely;
- vii. papers, files, data sticks/storage, flash drive or backup hard drives should not be left unattended in cars, except where it is entirely unavoidable for short periods, in which case they must be locked in the boot of the car. If staying away overnight, council data should be taken into the accommodation, care being taken that it will not be interfered with by others or inadvertently destroyed;
- viii. where possible the ability to remotely wipe any mobile devices that process sensitive information should be retained in the case of loss or theft.

9.2 Those issued with a 'dongle' to enable internet access from a laptop via cellular (e.g. 4G) networks whilst away from their normal workplace should note that the cost of internet access can be very high. Dongles should therefore be used for essential council purposes only, especially if abroad.

9.3 Similarly, use of paid for Wi-Fi access, for example at hotels or airports should be carefully monitored and restricted to essential council use.

10. EMAIL

10.1 Council email facilities are intended to promote effective and speedy communication on council and work-related matters. Although we encourage the use of email, it can be risky. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users need to be careful not to introduce viruses onto council systems and should take proper account of the security advice below.

10.2 On occasion, it will be quicker to action an issue by telephone or face to face, rather than via protracted email chains. Emails should not be used as a substitute for

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face to face or telephone conversations. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users are expected to decide which is the optimum channel of communication to complete their tasks quickly and effectively.

10.3 These rules are designed to minimise the legal risks run when using email at work and to guide councillors, staff, and other authorised users as to what may and may not be done. If there is something which is not covered in the policy, councillors, staff, and other authorised users should ask e.g. the council's IT provider, rather than assuming they know the right answer.

10.4 All councillors, staff, and other authorised users who need to use email as part of their role will be given their own council email address and account which must be used for all council business. The council may, at any time, withdraw email access, should it feel that this is no longer necessary for the role or that the system is being abused.

10.5 Email messages sent on the council's account should be for council use only. Personal communications are permitted provided they do not encroach upon working time or interrupt council business in any way. Employees and other authorised users are asked to restrict their personal use to official lunch breaks or before or after working hours, and to use their personal email accounts, rather than council addresses.

11. USE OF THE INTERNET

Copyright

11.1 Much of what appears on the Internet is protected by copyright. Any copying without permission, including electronic copying, is illegal and therefore prohibited. The Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 set out the rules. The copyright laws not only apply to documents but also to software. The infringement of the copyright of another person or organisation could lead to legal action being taken against the council and damages being awarded, as well as disciplinary action, including dismissal, being taken against the perpetrator.

11.2 It is easy to copy electronically, but this does not make it any less an offence. The council's policy is to comply with copyright laws, and not to bend the rules in any way.

11.3 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users should not assume that because a document or file is on the Internet, it can be freely copied. There is a difference between information in the 'public domain' (which is no longer confidential or secret information but is still copyright protected) and information which is not protected by copyright (such as where the author has been dead for more than 70 years).

11.4 Usually, a website will contain copyright conditions; these warnings should be read before downloading or copying.

11.5 Copyright and database right law can be complicated. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users should check with the Town Clerk if unsure about anything.

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Trademarks, links and data protection

11.6 The council does not permit the registration of any new domain names or trademarks relating to the council's names or products anywhere in the world, unless authorised to do so. Nor should they add links from any of the council's web pages to any other external sites without checking first with the Town Clerk.

11.7 Special rules apply to the processing of personal and sensitive personal data. For further guidance on this, see the council's data protection policy, a copy of which is available on the internet and in the staff handbook.

Accuracy of information

11.8 One of the main benefits of the internet is the access it gives to large amounts of information, which is often more up to date than traditional sources such as libraries. Be aware that, as the internet is uncontrolled, much of the information may be less accurate than it appears.

12. USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA

12.1 Social media includes:

- i. blogs;
- ii. Wikipedia and other similar sites where text can be posted;
- iii. multimedia or user generated media sites (YouTube);
- iv. social networking sites (such as Facebook, LinkedIn, X (formerly known as Twitter), Instagram, TikTok, etc.);
- v. virtual worlds (Second Life);
- vi. text messaging and mobile device communications; and
- vii. more traditional forms of media such as TV and newspapers.

Care should be taken when using social media at any time, either using council systems or at home.

12.2 Personal use of social networking/media and chat sites on council devices should be restricted to breaks during working hours, or after hours with permission. Members of the Council and its staff must contact staff members on their personal social media accounts on any matter relating to Council business, either within or outside normal working hours. This helps to ensure council staff's personal and professional lives are kept separate.

12.3 The council recognises the importance of councillors, staff, and other authorised users joining in and helping to shape sector conversation and enhancing its image through blogging and interaction in social media. Therefore, where it is relevant to use social networking sites as part of the individual's position, this is acceptable.

12.4 However, inappropriate comments and postings can adversely affect the reputation of the council, even if it is not directly referenced. If comments or photographs could reasonably be interpreted as being associated with the council, or if remarks about could be regarded as abusive, humiliating, sexual harassment,

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discriminatory or derogatory, or could constitute bullying or harassment, the council will treat this as a serious disciplinary offence.

12.5 Councillors, staff, and other authorised users should be aware that parishioners or other local organisations may read councillors, staff, and other authorised users' personal weblogs, to acquire information, for example, about their work, internal council business, and employee morale. Therefore, even if the council is not named, care should be taken with any views expressed.

12.6 The Local Government Association advises that Councillor Code of Conduct and relevant legislation applies online and in social media. If councillors are referring online in any way to their role as a councillor, they are deemed to be acting in your 'official capacity' and any conduct may fall within the code.

12.7 To protect both the council and its interests, everyone is required to comply with the following rules about social media, whether in relation to their council role or personal social networking sites, and irrespective of whether this is during or after working hours:

- i. Contacts from any of the council's databases should not be downloaded and connected with on LinkedIn or other social networking sites with electronic address book facilities, unless this has been authorised.
- ii. Any blog that mentions the council, its current work, councillors, employees, other users associated with the council, partner organisations, local groups, suppliers, parishioners, should identify the author as one of its councillors or employees and state that the views expressed on the blog or website are theirs alone and do not represent the views of the council. Even if the council is not mentioned, care should be taken with any views expressed on social media sites and any views should clearly be stated to be the writer's own (e.g. via a disclaimer statement such as: "The comments and other content on this site are my own and do not represent the positions or opinions of my employer/ the council.") Writers must not claim or give the impression that they are speaking on behalf of the council.
- iii. Any employee who is developing a site or writing a blog that will mention the council, or its current or potential plans, the person writing the piece must inform the Town Clerk that they are writing this and gain agreement, which may need to be sought from the Council, before going 'live'.
- iv. The council expects councillors, staff, and other authorised users to be respectful about the council and its current or potential personnel, including employees, councillors, clerks, and authorised users and not to engage in any name calling or any behaviour that will reflect negatively on its reputation. Any unauthorised use of copyright materials, any unfounded or derogatory statements, or any misrepresentation is not viewed favourably and could constitute gross misconduct.
- v. Photos or videos that include employees or other workers wearing uniforms or clothing displaying the council's name or logo should not be posted on social media if they could reflect negatively on the individual, their role, their colleagues, or the council. Additionally, photos, videos, or audio recordings

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- must not be taken on council premises without explicit permission, unless in a public meeting.
- vi. Comments posted by councillors, staff, and other authorised users on any sites should be knowledgeable, accurate and professional and should not compromise the council in any way.
 - vii. Inappropriate conversations should not take place on any social networking sites, including forums.
 - viii. Any writing about or displaying photos or videos of internal activities that involves current councillors, staff, and other authorised persons, might be considered a breach of data protection and a breach of privacy and confidentiality. Therefore, their permission should be gained prior to uploading any such material. Details of any kind relating to any events, conversations, materials or documents that are meant to be private, confidential or internal to the council should not be posted. This may include manuals; procedures; training documents; non-public financial or operational information; personal information regarding other councillors, staff, and other authorised users anything to do with a disciplinary case, grievance, allegation of bullying/harassment or discrimination, or legal issue; any other secret, confidential, or proprietary information or information that is subject to confidentiality agreements. This does not affect statutory requirements to publish information including under the Freedom of Information Act.
 - ix. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users must be aware that they are personally liable for anything that they write or present online (including on an online forum or blog, post, feed or website). Councillors should always be mindful of the Members Code of Conduct and Nolan Principles. Employees may be subject to disciplinary action for comments, content, or images that are defamatory, embarrassing, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libellous, or that can create a hostile work environment. They may also be sued by other organisations, and any individual or council that views their comments, content, or images as defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libellous or creating a hostile work environment. In addition, other councillors, staff, and other authorised users can raise grievances for alleged bullying and/or harassment.
 - x. Postings to websites or anywhere on the internet and social media of any kind, or in any press or media of any kind, should not breach copyright or other law or disclose confidential information, defame or make derogatory comments about the council or its councillors, staff, and other authorised users, or disclose personal data or information about any individual that could breach data protection legislation.
 - xi. Contacts by the media relating to the council, should be referred to the Town Clerk.
 - xii. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users who use sites such as LinkedIn and Facebook must ensure that the information on their profile is accurate and up to date and must update their profile on leaving or changing office at the council.
 - xiii. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users who use X.com, LinkedIn, or other social media/networking sites for council purposes must ensure they provide

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the council with login details, including password(s), so that these sites can be accessed and updated in their absence.

- xiv. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users who have left the council must not post any inappropriate comments about the council or its councillors, staff, and other authorised users on LinkedIn, Facebook, X.com or any other social media/networking sites.
- xv. During your employment/ involvement with the council, you may create or obtain access to a variety of professional contacts and confidential information. This includes, but is not limited to, contacts made through professional networking platforms such as LinkedIn, where those contacts have been established or maintained in your capacity as a councillor, member of staff, or other authorised user. All such contacts will be considered council property and may be subject to disclosure upon request.

12.8 Note that the council may, from time to time, monitor external postings on social media sites. Any employee who has a profile (for example on LinkedIn or Facebook) must not misrepresent themselves or their role with the council. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users are also advised that social media sites are not an appropriate place to air council concerns or complaints: these should be raised with the council or formally through the grievance procedure.

12.9 It is important to note that contractor's and other external stakeholder's contact details and information remain the property of the council. In addition, councillors, staff, and other authorised users leaving the council will be required to delete all council-related data including contractor's and other external stakeholder's contact details from any personal device/equipment.

13. MISUSE

13.1 Misuse of IT systems and equipment is not in line with the council's standards of conduct and will be taken seriously. Any inappropriate or unauthorised use may lead to formal action, including disciplinary proceedings or, in serious cases, dismissal.

NORTHAM TOWN COUNCIL – CCTV POLICY

Notes:

This document was commissioned by the National Association of Local Councils (NALC) for the purpose of its member councils and county associations. Every effort has been made to ensure that the contents of this document are correct at time of publication. NALC cannot accept responsibility for errors, omissions and changes to information subsequent to publication.

This document has been written by Worknest HR – a company that provides HR advice and guidance to town and parish Councils. Please contact them on 01403 240 205 for information about their services.

Effects:

Need good quality council provided mobile and smart phones for all staff:
refurbished iPhones from £570 (Apple store) plus protective case.
contract with an ITC provider for Phones

Need tablets for all councillors, so 14 as this council cannot control TDC's data. Need wifi and cellular to ensure full coverage

2.23 would preclude the use of personal emails to send council business messages

Staff need to set up council based google accounts for internet browsing